

HONOLULU IS CHARGED IN INDICTMENT AS A PLOTTER

Despatches Say "Former Consul For Germany" Here Has Been Indicted As Violator of Neutrality In Widespread Conspiracy

OTHER FORMER OFFICIALS OF GERMANY INCLUDED

Albert Wedhe, Arrested Here Some Weeks Ago, Is Named In Same Plot To Secure Japanese Aid For Indian Revolution

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8—Charged with entering into a plot to foment a revolution in India and to secure secret aid for the Hindu revolutionists from China and Japan, indictments were returned by the federal grand jury here yesterday against ninety-eight persons, including former consuls for Germany in San Francisco, Honolulu, Manila and Shanghai.

Federal District Attorney Preston last night declined to give out the names of those indicted, pending their arrests, to secure which he is telegraphing out the warrants to United States marshals throughout the country.

BIG BRIBERY FUND

Those named in the indictments, he says, financed the Hindu agitators in their anti-British propaganda and sent agents into Japan and China with funds wherewith to bribe newspaper writers and publishers into supporting the anti-British plot, while efforts were also to be made to secure secret treaties in China and Japan between those countries and Germany, whereby arms for the Hindus might be despatched to India and other assistance given in the revolution.

Among those indicted are some of the former employees in the German embassy at Washington, a number of prominent business men of German birth and a number of Hindus.

ARRESTED IN HONOLULU

The only two among the indicted ones whom the federal officials will name at this time are Gustav H. Jacobsen and Albert Wedhe, the latter having been arrested at Honolulu some weeks ago. These two are now held, with ten others, by the federal authorities in Chicago, under indictments on other charges of violation of neutrality.

Forty-one other indictments in another conspiracy case have also been placed on the secret file. This case deals with the outfitting and clearing of the steamer Sacramento, which sailed from this port on a filibustering expedition, with supplies for the German fleet then operating in the Pacific. These indictments are said to include the names of Frederick Jensen, formerly a prominent shipping man here and now reported to be the captain of a German submarine; C. D. Bunker, Capt. T. Anderson, who was one of the military attaches of the German embassy at Washington with von Papen; Hans Taucher, von Schack and J. L. Bley.

This conspiracy, as well as the one to incite a Hindu revolution, is said to have been hatched in Berlin, with the agents of Germany in the United States carrying out the orders of their masters.

WEDHE FIGHTING CASE—Jacobsen and Wedhe are now

Accident Is Cause of First Death In American Forces

Boatswain's Mate Falls From Launch, Drowns and Is Buried With Honors As Men Prepare To Start For Camp and Strenuous Work

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

A PORT IN FRANCE, July 8—Final steps looking to the mobilization of the American contingent in France were taken yesterday and the men will leave soon for their permanent camps behind the line. No pleasure trip awaits the Americans in the camp to which they will go but on the contrary hard work and lots of it. Eight hours of grilling work will constitute their daily grind. It is a period of physical training under the conditions which they will have to meet at the front and though their condition of health is now reported as being excellent they will be still further brought into shape to stand the utmost rigors.

This morning a military funeral was held. It was the first death that has occurred since the arrival of the American forces and was the result of an accident. The victim was Boatswain's Mate Dunn. He fell overboard from a launch running between a transport and shore and was drowned despite efforts to rescue him.

Dunn was buried with full military honors, though not of that arm of the service.

Fighting the indictment found against them in the Chicago court and in the arguments presented in their cases has been brought out the fact of the wide ramifications of the German plotting, which has been carried on throughout the United States ever since August of 1914.

Following their trials in Chicago, Jacobsen and Wedhe are said to be wanted in Detroit, where other indictments have been found against them on other charges of the violation of neutrality. In this case the two are said to have been the principals in the attempt to destroy a Canadian clothing factory in Walkerton, which was working on an army clothing contract. In that plot, dynamite was freely used in the effort to destroy the plant, but the bombs were poorly placed and failed to damage the factory building at all seriously.

CLEANING THEM OUT

A despatch from Washington yesterday indicates that the United States is taking steps to clear the country of the worst of the suspected spies and plotters. All Germans formerly in the German embassy and consulates have been requested to leave the United States. This request includes employees who were transferred to the Swiss legation and consulates just prior to the outbreak of war between the two countries.

The United States government is tightening its spy net.

NO WARRANT HAS REACHED HERE YET

Up until a late hour last night no warrant for the arrest of any Honolulu man had been received here by cable, while a special effort on the part of The Advertiser to obtain some clue as to who the former consul for Germany in Honolulu who is wanted might be, failed. The Associated Press in San Francisco, in a special message in answer to one of The Advertiser, stated that absolutely no information was obtainable from District Attorney Preston.

In all probability the expected order of arrest will reach Marshal Smiddy today. Since the beginning of the war there have been two consuls for Germany here. Georg Rodiek, president of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association and vice-president of Haeckfeld & Co., was consul for several years. He resigned shortly before diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany were broken.

H. August Schroeder, who had acted as private secretary for Mr. Rodiek, was named consul on the latter's resignation, becoming at the same time acting consul for Switzerland, which position he still holds. He is an employee of Haeckfeld & Co.

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Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. The signature of B. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by THE PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

PROHIBITION TAKES TWO LONG STRIDES

Senate By Decisive Vote Strengthens Language of House Bill But Will Delay Tax Bill

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 8—More definite steps toward the enactment of war prohibition of distilled liquors were taken yesterday during the session of the senate and good progress toward the enactment of the food legislation measures were made. At the same time it became evident that delay in passing the war tax measures must also ensue.

The senate went on record in a preliminary vote as favoring not only the prohibition of distilling during the war but its importation as well and by a still more decisive vote of directing the President to take over all distilled liquors in bond and to pay the owners therefor.

In lieu of the provision in the house food control bill which prohibits the use of grain in the manufacture of beverages the senate yesterday by a vote of 15 to 27 substituted a provision prohibiting the manufacture or importation of distilled liquors during the war. Thus the brewing of beer and ale would be permitted but the stand of the house is strengthened as to heavy spirits by the prohibition of imports as well as manufacture.

Passing the matter of taking over stocks of liquor in the bonded warehouses the senate uses stronger language than had been expected for instead of authorizing it directs the President to take over such bonded beverages.

To carry this out and put the provision into effect he is to pay the cost and ten per cent additional. This will probably mean a loss in revenues of \$400,000,000 and the government will have to pay an additional \$300,000,000 for the liquor which is thus to be commandeered. There is also a provision which will limit the consumption of the stock of retailers either now on hand or withdrawn from bond before the law can become operative.

It is generally regarded as certain that the house will accept these provisions but only after a hard fight and a conference.

The action taken yesterday promises to indefinitely delay the passage of war taxation legislation for after the vote on the prohibition clauses of the food bill the senate in committee of the whole voted an indefinite adjournment and the resumption of the taxation draft bill before it to the committee on finance which will have to redraft the bill and seek new sources of revenue in case the taxation of liquors is made impossible through the elimination of manufacture and importation and to raise additional funds for the taking over of the goods now in bond.

Battalion of Women Goes To Front To Do Actual Fighting

Petrograd Gives Enthusiastic Ovation To Infantry Regiment of Girls and Women As They March To Take Train On Way To See Actual Fighting

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PETROGRAD, July 8—Russia has a battalion of women bound for the front not as nurses but as actual fighters and to undertake real service.

Commanded by Lieutenant Mademskell Vera Butskareff the women's battalion, fully armed and equipped as infantry, left for the front yesterday. Before the departure of the Amazonian religious services were held in the Knisen cathedral which were attended by United States Ambassador Francis and other of the foreign diplomatic corps besides a great concourse of Russian citizens and soldiery. The streets over which the soldier women marched on the way to take trains were lined on either side by immense throngs and the women were given great ovations as they marched along in perfect rhythmic step and presenting a thoroughly soldierly appearance.

HARDEN JAILED AND HIS PAPER SUSPENDED

Berlin Editor Runs Foul of Germany's Taskmasters Again

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

BERLIN, Germany, July 7—Die Zukunft Berlin has been suppressed because its editor, Maximilian Harden, famous Social editor and leader, has been guilty of peace expressions not endorsed by the German government. In an editorial Harden wrote that Germany's enemies are right in their stand on national self government and honest in their promises for a diminution of armaments. An arbitration court is a bond between nations and should be carried out. Harden declared that if Germany accepted these ideas peace would come tomorrow, otherwise she must crush her enemies.

CHILD EMPEROR OF CHINA ABDICATES IS LONDON REPORT

Reign of Restored Manchu Very Brief Says Peking Despatch and Diplomats Take Action To Keep Open Peking-Mukden Railway

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, July 8—Despatches from Peking to the Reuters news agency received late last night asserted that Hsuan Tung, the boy emperor, so recently restored to the throne of China by Chang Hsun, had abdicated and that as had been forecast his reign was even briefer than his former one. No details of the alleged abdication are given in the despatches it being merely stated as a bald fact.

Despatches from Tientsin received earlier in the day said that the diplomatic corps had met yesterday and had issued a warning to the authorities that unless the Peking-Mukden railway is kept open, according to the protocol of 1901, immediate action will be taken for the reestablishment of traffic and for the keeping of the road open.

From Tientsin also came advices that the Peking-Tientsin railway had been cut and that the royalists were attempting to prevent a junction of the republican forces. The people of Peking were reported to be in a panic.

Tokio despatches say: News that the republican army under the command of Gen. Tuan Chi Jui, the former Chinese premier, in marching towards Peking to give battle to Gen. Chang Hsun's force, was the signal for the destruction by the supporters of the monarchy of the railway which leads from Peking to Tientsin. The railroad was cut outside of Peking in order to block the progress of the superior republican army.

Representatives of the Powers in Peking met in a secret conference and the Chinese situation was fully discussed. It is believed here that a joint step will be taken by the Powers to prevent General Chang's troops from destroying any more transportation routes.

General Chang was yesterday reported from the Chinese capital as having been decided to take refuge at Nekka, taking with him the Manchu Emperor and his command. But the latest despatch today reports that Chang is now making preparations for a possible siege by the republican army of Peking.

Peking is today practically isolated from the rest of China and inhabitants of the city are in constant fear of possible looting by Chang's soldiers.

Japan's policy of non-interference towards China in her present crisis must not be construed to indicate that Japan is aiding the monarchial propaganda in Peking. This was the emphatic declaration of Viscount I. Motono, the foreign minister of Japan. He positively declared that the Japanese government is not backing Gen. Chang Hsun either directly or indirectly.

General belief here today is that Japan would be asked jointly by the Powers to send a strong military force to protect the foreign interests in the troubled country. If such be the case, it is believed, Japan will immediately comply with the appeal.

MILLION WOMEN TO HELP FOOD ECONOMY

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 8—Announcement was made last evening that a million women have signed pledges to follow out a program of food conservation which has been outlined for them by the food control administration. They have also all enrolled to become active members of such administration.

Frequent instructions as to household economies and how to put them into operation are to be given these women. The first of them was issued yesterday and with the efforts which the million women will put forth it is expected that practically all of the patriotic women of the country will be participating in the movement within the next three weeks.

From the reports given out last evening it was made apparent that Hoover and the administration which he is organizing have already made great advances even before the food control legislation has been enacted. Household efficiency on the part of the women will be one of the great economical undertakings in Hoover's plans and the women of the nation have responded cheerfully to his urging for support. He and his assistants have taken the course of bringing home to the women that they have a personal interest in the war, a spirit of helpfulness and a desire to learn how best they may aid. The way is being pointed out in the instruction which the administration will issue and which will go directly into millions of homes.

FOURTEEN SWEDISH SHIPS PASSED BY SUBMARINES

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, July 7—Fourteen steamers have arrived here from England under German safe conduct. Three, including the Aspen, which was damaged by a torpedo last May have arrived in other ports.

NAVAL OFFICERS GAIN PROMOTIONS

Board To Make Selections of Nearly One Hundred Who Are To Be Preferred

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 8—Nearly a hundred promotions among the higher officers of the navy will be made probably during the present month. Yesterday a navy board of selection was named to be composed of nine members and to meet July 16.

It will be the duty of the board that increased police department, one of the navy lists five captains who will be made rear admirals, twenty-six commanders to become captains and fifty-one lieutenant commanders to be promoted to commanders.

With these promotions made the way will be open to the advancement of a still larger number to the rank of lieutenant commander.

EAST ST. LOUIS TO DOUBLE POLICE FORCE

Banks Come To Assistance and Offer To Advance Needed Funds

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

EAST ST. LOUIS, Illinois, July 8—Plans for the reorganization of the police force following the recent racial troubles and riots and the charges of inefficiency and cowardice on the part of the police and militia that were freely made and were set forth in resolutions of the chamber of commerce took definite form today. It is proposed to double the force as a part of the precautionary measures against a recurrence of the troubles.

While the city is without funds necessary to meet the payrolls of a largely increased police department, one of the double the strength that has been employed ways and means to meet the deficiency have been found. The banks announced yesterday that they were prepared to make what advances to the city may be required to put the proposal into effect and to accept repayment when through increases in the next budget the city may be in a position to meet the debt which this will occasion.

Conditions were again quiet yesterday and are now approaching the normal. The feeling of panic among the negroes is being dissipated, but the return of confidence is rather slow and will be retarded seriously should there be any further hostile manifestation. Now they are gradually returning to the work from which they were driven.

OLYMPIA SAVED FROM BLOCK ISLAND SHOAL

Famous Old Battleship Towed Off By Department Workers

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

WASHINGTON, July 8—American engineering skill and the "standing luck" of the American navy had fair to cheat the North Atlantic of a victim, according to a statement issued by the navy department last night, announcing that the Olympia, the famous old flagship of Admiral Dewey, at the Battle of Manila Bay, has been floated from the shoals of Block Island, after days of heavy work by the department wreckers. The Olympia went ashore last month and at the time it was feared that the dreaded shoals of Block Island would prove her grave yard as they have proved the grave yard of so many fine ships in the past. She probably will be towed to the Brooklyn navy yard for repairs and a general overhaul.

PROPOSES TO CALL CONGRESS ON LANDS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

PETROGRAD, July 7—The minister of agriculture has proposed that a congress of the workingmen and soldiers be called to endorse a resolution to the effect that the country's minerals, forests, and waters belong to the whole people.

TURKS DECIDE TO EXPELL ALL GREEKS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, July 8—Press despatches from Amsterdam announce that Turkey has decided that the breaking of diplomatic relations on the part of Greece is equivalent to a declaration of war and that the Porte now regards a state of war as existing between Turkey and Greece.

Acting upon this, the Turks have decided to expel all Greeks now living in Turkish territory and to confiscate all their property.

J. Aimoku Dominis, Ward of Queen, Succumbs To Illness

Well Known Young Hawaiian Passes Away—Funeral At Three This Afternoon—Was Trustee of Liliuokalani Trust and Official of Circuit Court

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

J. Aimoku Dominis, one of the best known young men of Hawaiian blood in the Territory and ward of Queen Liliuokalani, died shortly before midnight last night at the McHenry residence, Kahala. He has been ill for some time and his condition has been regarded as practically hopeless for the past several days, but this was known to comparatively few and the news of his untimely death last night will come as a shock to very many of those who knew him.

He leaves a young widow and three small children, in addition to very many close friends. He was only thirty-four years old.

Dominis had been considerably in the public eye during the past several years from the fact that he was named by Queen Liliuokalani as one of the trustees of the Liliuokalani Trust, into which the Queen has placed the greater part of her property and the validity of which has been the object during the past two or three years of some sensational litigation which, at one time, threatened to divide the Hawaiian community.

The Queen's ward was for some time assistant clerk in the local circuit court, coming into that office from the Bishop Trust Company.

FRENCH MAKE GAINS IN FIERCE THRUSTS

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

NEW YORK, July 8—Terrorist artillery fire was continued all day yesterday and was general all along the French and Belgian fronts. It was significant of another thrust by the Allies at that point. Berlin last night admitted that there had been two attacks made by the French in the vicinity of Champagne. It also admitted that both attacks had penetrated the German fighting lines and that counter attacks that were launched had failed. The fighting was of the most desperate character and much of it was said to have been fought in the forests.

Contradictory reports come from the Russian front. Berlin in its official reports last night made sweeping claims of victories at several points along this sector. Important gains at several points are claimed.

On the other hand, Petrograd official reports deny the Teuton claims and make counter claims of more important successes. Petrograd says: The Russians late yesterday occupied the heights of Presvost in Galicia, also the heights east of Godova and are advancing in the Stanislan region.

Violent fighting is taking place around Pinsk, which is in flames. The Russian artillery driving straight ahead is compelling the Teutons to fall back. Today the Germans captured the forest of Blanka Hill and penetrated the village of Godova. They have also made further gains in Galicia.

On the British front advances were made in a successful thrust at Wytschaete and counter attacks of the Hunns were repulsed but the distance gained was not great.

The most important political developments in weeks are expected in Berlin when the Reichstag meets again next Monday. A Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, Foreign Secretary Zimmermann and Admiral von Capelle, minister of the navy, and Financier Helfferich are to make speeches.

ART SMITH PLANNING TO MAKE FLIGHTS HERE

(Special Cable to Nippon Jiji)

TOKIO, July 7—Art Smith, the American aviator will stop at Honolulu to give several exhibitions "stunts" on his way to the United States next month. He said yesterday he wishes to get support of his proposed flights in Honolulu from every nationality, but especially from the Japanese, as he believes the Japanese are among his best friends.

NEGROES THREATEN TO WIPE OUT WHITES

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

ST. LOUIS, July 8—Colonel Donnelly, commanding the Illinois National Guard companies doing patrol duty in East St. Louis, has received an urgent request for help from the whites living in Hartford and Wood River, that he send troops there to protect them from negro rioters. The negroes have threatened to attack and exterminate the whites in retaliation for the killing of negroes in East St. Louis by the white workmen. The whites are reported to be barricaded in their homes, awaiting the threatened attack.

BLAZON TYPE NOT NECESSARY

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy needs no glaring headline to attract the public eye. The simple statement that all chemists sell it is sufficient, as every family knows its value. It has been used for forty years and is just what its name implies. For sale by All Dealers, Boston, Smith & Co., Agents for Hawaii.

BRIEF RAID ON LONDON CITY IS FIERCEST IN ALL HISTORY

Loss of Life Is Great and Damage To Property More Severe Than That Occasioned By Record Air Attack of June 13

BUSINESS SECTION IS MARK FOR BOMB FIRE

Attack Lasts Only Twenty Minutes and Toward the Close Attackers Lose Sense of Direction and Fire Aimlessly

(Associated Press By U. S. Naval Communication Service)

LONDON, July 8—Casualties a third as large and property loss greater than the raid of June 14 when scores were killed including twenty-six children and sixteen women resulted from the raid of yesterday which appeared to have been directed against the civilian population and the business and financial buildings of the city.

It was at nine-thirty yesterday morning that a score of German aeroplanes made their appearance and opened a terrific bombardment on the business section. Thousands of persons on the street at the time, were witnesses to one of the worst air attacks recorded in history and saw the bombardment or its effects. They also saw the great air craft battle that followed until the attacking planes took their leave before the fire of the British airships. The explosion of the bombs and the rattle of the air craft gunnery was terrific. While the attack lasted only twenty minutes its severity was greater than anything which London has heretofore experienced. It was right over the heart of London.

The sun was shining but there was a haze when the attack was made that caused difficulty in seeing the raiding craft which flew over the city with great rapidity and dropped bombs with deadly accuracy as they passed. They suddenly came out of the north, high in the air, but volplaned down until they were not more than a thousand yards above the city. Then the anti-air craft guns opened up a tremendous curtain fire upon the raiding fleet. The raiders held their bombs until above their objective point and used great care in the placing of them. They lost four airships, three being shot down into the sea and one to the land.

Reports say that there was no damage to the military or to buildings used for military purposes but that it was to business buildings that loss was confined. Casualties were reported to be thirty-six killed and 141 injured, the fatalities being twenty-eight men, six women and two children.

The property loss was immense. Windows were shattered down and walls demolished. The very basements in which refuge was sought were shaken by the force of the explosions as by earthquakes.

The quick and ready defense which London made against the raiders upset the Teuton plans manifestly for after a little time they began to drop their bombs promiscuously and immediately preparatory to their retirement they were missing their objectives completely.

While the raid was a costly one to London in lives and in property it also brought destruction to a large part of the Teuton fleet.